Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - Netherlands

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



# Gasoline 95 (E10)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

| 1.1 | Product | identifier |
|-----|---------|------------|
|     |         |            |

Product name Viscosity or Type : 🗭 asoline 95 (E10)

: EN 228 Euro 95, E5, E10

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Material uses : | Unleaded fuel for gasoline engines |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
|-----------------|------------------------------------|

| Identified uses           |
|---------------------------|
| Distribution of substance |
| Use in fuel - Consumer    |

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Manufacturer / Distributor                        | : Kuwait Petroleum (Belgium) N.V.<br>Brusselstraat 59 - Bus 1<br>2018, Antwerp, Belgium<br>Tel. +32 3 241 33 00, Fax +32 3 241 35 31 |
|---|--|
| e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS | : SDSinfo@Q8.com, communication preferably in English only.  |

#### **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

|                         | CARECHEM24   |
|-------------------------|--|
| Netherlands             | : +31 10 713 8195  |
| Europe                  | : +44 (0) 1235 239 670   |
| Global (English only)   | : +44 (0) 1865 407 333   |
| National advisory body/ | Poison Center  |
| Telephone number        | <ul> <li>Nationaal Vergiftigingen Informatie Centrum, Utrecht +31 (0)30 274 8888 (Only for<br/>the purpose of informing medical personnel in cases of acute intoxications.)</li> </ul> |

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

| 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture                    |                           |      |
|---|---------------------------|------|
| Product definition : Mixture                                      |                           |      |
| Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [C      | LP/GHS]                   |      |
| AMMABLE LIQUIDS   | Category 1                | H224 |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION   | Category 2                | H315 |
| GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY  | Category 1B               | H340 |
| CARCINOGENICITY   | Category 1A               | H350 |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION   | Category 2                | H361 |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)                  | Category 3                | H336 |
| (Narcotic effects)  |                           |      |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD   | Category 1                | H304 |
| AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM)  | Category 2                | H411 |
| The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (B | EC) 1272/2008 as amended. |      |
| Ingredients of unknown : None.<br>toxicity                        |                           |      |
| Ingredients of unknown : None.<br>ecotoxicity                     |                           |      |
|   |                           |      |

and the

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Gasoline 95 (E10)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

| Hazard pictograms   |   |
|---|---|
| Signal word   | : Danger  |
| Hazard statements   | <ul> <li>F224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H340 - May cause genetic defects.</li> <li>H350 - May cause cancer.</li> <li>H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>                |
| Precautionary statements  |   |
| General   | <ul> <li>P103 - Read label before use.</li> <li>P102 - Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> </ul>  |
| Prevention  | <ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.<br/>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.<br/>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.<br/>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.<br/>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.<br/>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.<br/>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> </ul> |
| Response  | <ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> <li>P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> </ul>  |
| Storage   | <ul> <li>P405 - Store locked up.</li> <li>P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P403 + P235 - Keep cool.</li> </ul>   |
| Disposal  | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  |
| Hazardous ingredients   | : Casoline<br>toluene<br>benzene  |
| Supplemental label elements   | : Not applicable.   |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions<br>on the manufacture,<br>placing on the market and<br>use of certain dangerous<br>substances, mixtures and<br>articles | : Restricted to professional users.   |
| Special packaging requirem  | nents   |
| Containers to be fitted<br>with child-resistant<br>fastenings   | : Yes, applicable.  |
| Tactile warning of danger   | : Yes, applicable.  |

:06-04-2020 Date of previous issue

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers   | %         | Regulation (EC) No.<br>1272/2008 [CLP]   | Туре    | Notes |
|-------------------------|---|-----------|--|---------|-------|
| Gasoline                | REACH #:<br>01-2119471335-39<br>EC: 289-220-8<br>CAS: 86290-81-5<br>Index: 649-378-00-4 | >=75, <90 | Flam. Liq. 1, H224<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2,<br>H411                                      | [1] [2] | H-P   |
| Toluene                 | EC: 203-625-9<br>CAS: 108-88-3<br>Index: 601-021-00-3                                   | >=5, <10  | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Repr. 2, H361d<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304                               | [1] [2] | -     |
| Ethanol                 | EC: 200-578-6<br>CAS: 64-17-5<br>Index: 603-002-00-5                                    | >=1, <10  | Flam. Liq. 2, H225   | [2]     | -     |
| Benzene                 | EC: 200-753-7<br>CAS: 71-43-2<br>Index: 601-020-00-8                                    | >=0.1, <1 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>Muta. 1B, H340<br>Carc. 1A, H350<br>STOT RE 1, H372<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304          | [1] [2] | E     |
| n-Hexane                | EC: 203-777-6<br>CAS: 110-54-3<br>Index: 601-037-00-0                                   | >=0.5, <1 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Repr. 2, H361f<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2,<br>H411 | [1] [2] | -     |
|                         |   |           | See Section 16 for<br>the full text of the H<br>statements declared<br>above.  |         |       |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

| 4.1 Description of first aid n | asures   |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact                    | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.  |
| Inhalation                     | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.<br>If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate<br>mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregula<br>or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained<br>personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth<br>resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician<br>If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.<br>Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or<br>waistband.  |
| Skin contact                   | : Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.  |
| Ingestion                      | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out<br>mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at<br>rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the<br>exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the<br>exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if<br>swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If<br>vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs<br>Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in<br>recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.<br>Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Protection of first-aiders     | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.  |

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| Over-exposure signs/symp | <u>noms</u>   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Eye contact              | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
| Inhalation               | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact             | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations  |
| Ingestion                | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

| 4.3 Indication of any imm        | ediate medical attention and special treatment needed   |  |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Notes to physician               | <ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br/>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul> |  |
| Specific treatments              | : No specific treatment.  |  |
| SECTION 5: Firefighting measures |   |  |
| 5.1 Extinguishing media          |   |  |

| Suitable extinguishing media   | : Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet.  |

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

| Hazards from the substance or mixture             | : | Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
|---|---|--|
| Hazardous combustion products                     | : | Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide   |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters                       |   |  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters      | : | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.   |
| Special protective<br>equipment for fire-fighters | : | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.  |

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

| 6.1 Personal precautions, pro  | te | ctive equipment and emergency procedures  |
|--------------------------------|----|---|
| For non-emergency<br>personnel | :  | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders       | :  | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".   |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions  | :  | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.  |

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| Date of issue/Date of revision : 06-04-2020 | Date of previous issue | : 18-10-2019 | Version : 1.05 | 5/25 |
|---|------------------------|--------------|----------------|------|
|---|------------------------|--------------|----------------|------|

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

| Small spill                     | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Large spill                     | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. |
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.<br>See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.<br>See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.  |

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures                    | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure -<br>obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not<br>handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in<br>eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid<br>release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate<br>respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined<br>spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved<br>alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use.<br>Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use<br>explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.<br>Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic<br>discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not<br>reuse container. |
|--|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.  |

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

# Danger criteriaCategoryNotification and MAPP<br/>thresholdSafety report thresholdP5a<br/>E210 tonne<br/>200 tonne50 tonne<br/>500 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

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Gasoline 95 (E10)

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Sasoline                | Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values |
|                         | (Netherlands, 12/2018).                                       |
|                         | OEL, 8-h TWA: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                  |
|                         | STEL,15-min: 480 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                |
| tert-butyl methyl ether | Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values |
|                         | (Netherlands, 12/2018).                                       |
|                         | STEL,15-min: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                |
|                         | OEL, 8-h TWA: 180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                  |
| ethanol                 | Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values |
|                         | (Netherlands, 12/2018). Absorbed through skin.                |
|                         | OEL, 8-h TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                  |
|                         | STEL,15-min: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.               |
| toluene                 | Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values |
|                         | (Netherlands, 12/2018).                                       |
|                         | OEL, 8-h TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                  |
|                         | STEL,15-min: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                |
| benzene                 | Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values |
|                         | (Netherlands, 12/2018). Absorbed through skin.                |
|                         | OEL, 8-h TWA: 0.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                  |
| n-hexane                | Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values |
|                         | (Netherlands, 12/2018).                                       |
|                         | OEL, 8-h TWA: 72 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                   |
|                         | STEL,15-min: 144 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                |

**Recommended monitoring** procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

| Туре | Exposure                             | Value  | Population   | Effects   |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| DNEL | Long term Oral                       | 7.1 mg/kg  | General  | Systemic  |
| DNEL | Long term                            |  | General  | Systemic  |
| DNEL |                                      | 178.5 ma/  |  | Systemic  |
|      | Inhalation                           | m³   |  |   |
| DNEL | Short term<br>Inhalation             | 214 mg/m³  | -  | Local   |
| DNEL | Short term<br>Inhalation             | 357 mg/m³  | Workers  | Local   |
| DNEL |                                      | 3570 mg/   | General  | Systemic  |
|      | DNEL<br>DNEL<br>DNEL<br>DNEL<br>DNEL | DNELLong term OralDNELLong term<br>InhalationDNELLong term<br>InhalationDNELShort term<br>InhalationDNELShort term<br>InhalationDNELShort term<br>Inhalation | DNELLong term Oral7.1 mg/kg<br>bw/dayDNELLong term53.6 mg/m³DNELLong term178.5 mg/<br>InhalationDNELShort term214 mg/m³DNELShort term357 mg/m³Inhalation1nhalation | DNELLong term Oral7.1 mg/kg<br>bw/dayGeneral<br>populationDNELLong term<br>Inhalation53.6 mg/m³General<br>populationDNELLong term<br>Inhalation178.5 mg/<br>m³WorkersDNELShort term<br>Inhalation214 mg/m³General<br>populationDNELShort term<br>Inhalation357 mg/m³Workers |

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

|          |      |                          | kg bw/day              | population            |          |
|----------|------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------|
|          | DNEL | Long term Dermal         | 5100 mg/<br>kg bw/day  | Workers               | Systemic |
| toluene  | DNEL | Long term Oral           | 8.13 mg/               | General               | Systemic |
|          |      | -                        | kg bw/day              | population            |          |
|          | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population    | Local    |
|          | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 56.5 mg/m³             | General population    | Systemic |
|          | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 192 mg/m³              | Workers               | Local    |
|          | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 192 mg/m³              | Workers               | Systemic |
|          | DNEL | Long term Dermal         | 226 mg/kg<br>bw/day    | General<br>population | Systemic |
|          | DNEL | Short term<br>Inhalation | 226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General<br>population | Local    |
|          | DNEL | Short term<br>Inhalation | 226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General<br>population | Systemic |
|          | DNEL | Long term Dermal         | 384 mg/kg<br>bw/day    | Workers               | Systemic |
|          | DNEL | Short term<br>Inhalation | 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers               | Local    |
|          | DNEL | Short term<br>Inhalation | 384 mg/m³              | Workers               | Systemic |
| n-hexane | DNEL | Long term Oral           | 4 mg/kg<br>bw/day      | General<br>population | Systemic |
|          | DNEL | Long term Dermal         | 5.3 mg/kg<br>bw/day    | General<br>population | Systemic |
|          | DNEL | Long term Dermal         | 11 mg/kg<br>bw/day     | Workers               | Systemic |
|          | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | General<br>population | Systemic |
|          | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 75 mg/m³               | Workers               | Systemic |

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

| Appropriate engineering controls | e only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, loca<br>tilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure<br>taminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The er<br>trols also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below<br>olosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. | to airborne<br>Igineering               |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Individual protection measu      |  |   |
| Hygiene measures                 | ish hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemic<br>ore eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of th<br>propriate techniques should be used to remove potentially cont<br>ish contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash<br>ety showers are close to the workstation location.        | e working period.<br>aminated clothing. |
| Eye/face protection              | ety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be u<br>sessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid<br>ses or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection sho<br>ess the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: cl<br>ggles.  | l splashes, mists,<br>uld be worn,      |
| Skin protection                  |  |   |

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

| Hand protection                 | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should<br>be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates<br>this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer,<br>check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It<br>should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be<br>different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately<br>estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Recommended: < 1 hour<br>(breakthrough time): nitrile rubber 0.17 mm. |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Body protection                 | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.  |
| Other skin protection           | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.   |
| Respiratory protection          | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Boiling point > 65 °C: A1; Boiling point < 65 °C: AX1; Hot material: A1P2.  |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to<br>ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.<br>In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.   |

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u>                               |  |
|---|--|
| Physical state                                  | : Liquid. [Mobile liquid.]   |
| Appearance                                      | : Clear.   |
| Color   | : Colorless to light yellow.   |
| Odor  | : Characteristic.  |
| Odor threshold                                  | : Not available.   |
| рН  | : 7  |
| Melting point/freezing point                    | : <-50°C   |
| Initial boiling point and<br>boiling range      | : 25 to 220°C  |
| Flash point                                     | : Closed cup: <-40°C [ASTM D56]  |
| Evaporation rate                                | : Not available.   |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                       | <ul> <li>Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open<br/>flames, sparks and static discharge.</li> </ul> |
| Upper/lower flammability or<br>explosive limits | : Lower: 1.4%<br>Upper: 7.6%   |
| Vapor pressure (37.8°C)                         | : 45 to 95 kPa   |
| Vapor density                                   | : >3 [Air = 1]   |
| Density   | : 0.75 g/cm³ [15°C]  |
| Solubility(ies)                                 | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.  |
| Dispersibility properties                       | : Not dispersible in the following materials: cold water and hot water.  |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/<br>water      | : 2 to 7   |
| Auto-ignition temperature                       | : >250°C   |
| Date of issue/Date of revision                  | : 06-04-2020 Date of previous issue : 18-10-2019 Version : 1.05 9/25   |

# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - Netherlands

🚰 asoline 95 (E10)

| Decomposition temperature | : >250°C          |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Viscosity (40°C)          | : <1 cSt          |
| Explosive properties      | : Not applicable. |
| Oxidizing properties      | : Not applicable. |

#### 9.2 Other information

| SECTION 10: Stabilit                     | SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity  |    |  |  |  |
|--|---|----|--|--|--|
| 10.1 Reactivity                          | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients   | s. |  |  |  |
| 10.2 Chemical stability                  | : The product is stable.  |    |  |  |  |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions  | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |    |  |  |  |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid                 | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, we braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do n allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas. |    |  |  |  |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials              | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials  |    |  |  |  |
| 10.6 Hazardous<br>decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.  |    |  |  |  |

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species     | Dose                    | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Sasoline                | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat - Male, | >5610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                         |                       | Female      |                         |          |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat         | 13.6 g/kg               | -        |
| tert-butyl methyl ether | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat         | 23576 ppm               | 4 hours  |
|                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat         | 41000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat         | 4 g/kg                  | -        |
| toluene                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat         | 49 g/m <sup>3</sup>     | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat         | 636 mg/kg               | -        |
| benzene                 | LD50 Oral             | Rat         | 930 mg/kg               | -        |
| n-hexane                | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat         | 48000 ppm               | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat         | 15840 mg/kg             | -        |

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapors)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Sasoline                | 13600            | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | N/A  |
| tert-butyl methyl ether | 4000             | N/A               | 23576                          | 41                               | N/A  |
| toluene                 | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                            | 49                               | N/A  |
| n-hexane                | 15840            | N/A               | 48000                          | N/A                              | N/A  |

Irritation/Corrosion

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

| Skin - Edema<br>Eyes - Edema of the<br>conjunctivae<br>Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit<br>Rabbit<br>Rabbit   | 3<br>0.33   | 4 hours<br>4 hours  | 72 hours<br>72 hours   |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| conjunctivae  |  | 0.33  | 4 hours   | 72 hours   |
| Eyes - Mild irritant  | Rabbit   |   |   |  |
|   |  | -   | 0.5 minutes<br>100 mg   | -  |
| Eyes - Mild irritant  | Rabbit   | -   | 870 ug  | -  |
| Eyes - Severe irritant  | Rabbit   | -   | 24 hours 2<br>mg  | -  |
| Skin - Mild irritant  | Pig  | -   | 24 hours 250<br>Ul  | -  |
| Skin - Mild irritant  | Rabbit   | -   | 435 mg  | -  |
| Skin - Moderate irritant  | Rabbit   | -   | 24 hours 20<br>ma   | -  |
| Skin - Moderate irritant  | Rabbit   | -   |   | -  |
| Eyes - Moderate irritant  | Rabbit   | -   | 88 mg   | -  |
| Eyes - Severe irritant  | Rabbit   | -   | 24 hours 2<br>mg  | -  |
| Skin - Mild irritant  | Rat  | -   |   | -  |
| Skin - Mild irritant  | Rabbit   | -   | 24 hours 15<br>mg   | -  |
| Skin - Moderate irritant  | Rabbit   | -   | 24 hours 20   | -  |
| Eyes - Mild irritant  | Rabbit   | -   | 10 mg   | -  |
| _   | Skin - Mild irritant<br>Skin - Mild irritant<br>Skin - Moderate irritant<br>Skin - Moderate irritant<br>Eyes - Moderate irritant<br>Eyes - Severe irritant<br>Skin - Mild irritant<br>Skin - Mild irritant<br>Skin - Moderate irritant | Skin - Mild irritantPigSkin - Mild irritantRabbitSkin - Moderate irritantRabbitSkin - Moderate irritantRabbitEyes - Moderate irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRatSkin - Mild irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRabbitSkin - Moderate irritantRabbitSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit | Skin - Mild irritantPig-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-Eyes - Moderate irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRat-Skin - Mild irritantRat-Skin - Mild irritantRat-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit- | Skin - Mild irritantPig-mg<br>24 hours 250<br>UISkin - Mild irritantRabbit-435 mg<br>24 hours 20<br>mgSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 20<br>mgSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit-500 mg<br>88 mgEyes - Moderate irritantRabbit-88 mg<br>mgEyes - Severe irritantRabbit-88 mg<br>mgSkin - Mild irritantRat-8 hours 60 UI<br>mgSkin - Mild irritantRat-24 hours 15<br>mgSkin - Mild irritantRabbit-24 hours 20<br>mgSkin - Mild irritantRabbit-10 mg |

#### **Sensitization**

**Conclusion/Summary** 

#### **Mutagenicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Test  | Experiment  | Result               |
|-------------------------|---|---|----------------------|
| Sasoline                | 471 Bacterial Reverse<br>Mutation Test<br>475 Mammalian Bone<br>Marrow Chromosomal<br>Aberration Test | Experiment: In vitro<br>Subject: Bacteria<br>Experiment: In vivo<br>Subject: Mammalian-Animal | Negative<br>Negative |
| 0                       | - NL + · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | •   |                      |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

: Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                 | Species      | Dose    | Exposure                      |
|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Øasoline                | Positive - Dermal - TC | Mouse - Male | 5 mg/kg | 102 weeks; 3<br>days per week |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

| Product/ingredient name | Maternal<br>toxicity | Fertility | Development<br>toxin | Species | Dose   | Exposure                       |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|--------|--------------------------------|
| Sasoline                | Negative             | Negative  | Negative             |         | ≥20000 | 7 weeks; 6<br>hours per<br>day |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species | Dose                    | Exposure                    |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Sasoline                | Negative - Inhalation | Rat     | 23900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 20 days; 6 hours<br>per day |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Date of issue/Date of revision

Information on the likely

| Product/ingredient name                           | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs    |  |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Gasoline  | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects |  |
| toluene   | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects |  |
| n-hexane  | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects |  |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure | <u>e)</u>  |                   |                  |  |
| Product/ingredient name                           | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs    |  |
| toluene   | Category 2 | -                 | -                |  |
| benzene   | Category 1 | -                 | -                |  |
| n-hexane  | Category 2 | -                 | -                |  |
| Aspiration hazard                                 |            | ·                 |                  |  |
| Aspiration nazaru                                 |            |                   |                  |  |
| Product/ingredient name                           |            | Resul             | t                |  |

| Product/ingredient name | Result                         |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Gasoline                | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene                 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| benzene                 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| n-hexane                | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| routes of exposure             |   |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Potential acute health effects |   |  |
| Eye contact                    | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards.  |
| Inhalation                     | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.            |
| Skin contact                   | : | Causes skin irritation.  |
| Ingestion                      | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Not available.

| Eye contact  | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>pain or irritation<br>watering<br>redness  |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>irritation<br>redness<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations  |
| Ingestion    | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>reduced fetal weight<br>increase in fetal deaths<br>skeletal malformations   |

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| <u>Short term exposure</u>       |                  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Potential immediate<br>effects   | : Not available. |  |  |  |
| Potential delayed effects        | : Not available. |  |  |  |
| <u>Long term exposure</u>        |                  |  |  |  |
| Potential immediate<br>effects   | : Not available. |  |  |  |
| Potential delayed effects        | : Not available. |  |  |  |
| Potential chronic health effects |                  |  |  |  |

| Product/ingredient name | Result  | Species                      | Dose                | Exposure                    |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Sasoline                | Sub-acute NOEL Oral   | Rat - Male                   | <500 mg/kg          | 28 days; 5 days<br>per week |
|                         | Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal  | Rat - Male,<br>Female        | 375 mg/kg           | 28 days; 5 days<br>per week |
|                         | Sub-chronic NOAEL   | Rat - Male,                  | 10000 mg/m³         | 90 days; 5 days             |
|                         | Inhalation Vapor  | Female                       |                     | per week                    |
| Conclusion/Summary      | <ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>   |                              |                     |                             |
| General                 |   |                              |                     |                             |
| Carcinogenicity         | : May cause cancer. Risk o  | f cancer depends             | on duration and lev | el of exposure.             |
| Mutagenicity            | : May cause genetic defects   | : May cause genetic defects. |                     |                             |
| Teratogenicity          | <ul> <li>Suspected of damaging the unborn child.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul> |                              |                     |                             |
| Developmental effects   |   |                              |                     |                             |
| Fertility effects       |   |                              |                     |                             |

#### **Other information**

: Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

| 12.1 | Tox | icitv |
|------|-----|-------|
|      |     |       |

| Product/ingredient name       | Result                              | Species   | Exposure    |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| Sasoline                      | Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l Fresh water     | Algae   | 96 hours    |
|                               | Acute EC50 4.5 mg/l Fresh water     | Daphnia   | 48 hours    |
|                               | Acute LC50 10 mg/l Fresh water      | Fish  | 96 hours    |
|                               | Chronic NOEC 2.6 mg/I Fresh water   | Fish  | 14 days     |
| tert-butyl methyl ether       | Acute LC50 672000 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Pimephales promelas  | 96 hours    |
| toluene                       | Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water   | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella<br>subcapitata                                | 72 hours    |
|                               | Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water   | Crustaceans - Gammarus<br>pseudolimnaeus - Adult                          | 48 hours    |
|                               | Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,<br>Weanling) | 48 hours    |
|                               | Acute LC50 5500 μg/l Fresh water    | Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch -<br>Fry                                      | 96 hours    |
|                               | Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water  | Daphnia - Daphnia magna   | 21 days     |
| benzene                       | Acute EC50 29000 µg/l Fresh water   | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella<br>subcapitata                                | 72 hours    |
|                               | Acute EC50 1600000 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Selenastrum sp.   | 96 hours    |
|                               | Acute EC50 9.23 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -<br>Neonate                                      | 48 hours    |
|                               | Acute LC50 21 mg/l Marine water     | Crustaceans - Artemia salina  | 48 hours    |
|                               | Acute LC50 5.28 ul/L Fresh water    | Fish - Oncorhynchus gorbuscha<br>- Fry                                    | 96 hours    |
|                               | Chronic EC10 >1360 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Scenedesmus<br>subspicatus  | 96 hours    |
| ate of issue/Date of revision | : 06-04-2020 Date of previous issue | : 18-10-2019 Version  | :1.05 13/25 |

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

|                    | gioai inioni attori                       |  |          |
|--------------------|---|--|----------|
|                    | Chronic NOEC 98 mg/l Fresh water          | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                                      | 21 days  |
|                    | Chronic NOEC 1.5 to 5.4 ul/L Marine water | Fish - Morone saxatilis -<br>Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, | 4 weeks  |
| n-hexane           | Acute LC50 2500 μg/l Fresh water          | Weanling)<br>Fish - Pimephales promelas                      | 96 hours |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available.                          |  |          |

Conclusion/Summary

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF        | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|------------|-----------|
| Sasoline 95 (E10)       | 2 to 7 | -          | high      |
| Gasoline                | 2 to 7 | 10 to 2500 | high      |
| tert-butyl methyl ether | 1.04   | 1.5        | low       |
| toluene                 | 2.73   | 90         | low       |
| benzene                 | 2.13   | 11         | low       |
| n-hexane                | 4      | 501.187    | high      |

| 12.4 Mobility in soil |                  |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Soil/water partition  | : Not available. |
| coefficient (Koc)     |                  |
| Mobility              | : Not available. |

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

| Product             |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.<br>Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply<br>with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation<br>and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-<br>recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be<br>disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of<br>all authorities with jurisdiction. |
|                     | , Xaa  |

#### Hazardous waste : Yes.

# European waste catalogue (EWC)

|                     | Waste code | Waste designation  |   |
|---------------------|------------|--|---|
|                     | 13 07 02*  | Gasoline   | l |
| P                   | ackaging   |  |   |
| Methods of disposal |            | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. |   |

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

- Special precautions
- : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

| •                                  |          |          |          |   |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|---|
|                                    | ADR/RID  | ADN      | IMDG     | ΙΑΤΑ  |
| 14.1 UN number                     | UN1203   | UN1203   | UN1203   | UN1203  |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name       | GASOLINE | GASOLINE | GASOLINE | Gasoline  |
| 14.3 Transport<br>hazard class(es) |          |          |          | 3   |
| 14.4 Packing<br>group              | II       | 11       | 11       | II  |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards   | Yes.     | Yes.     | Yes.     | Yes. The<br>environmentally<br>hazardous substance<br>mark is not required. |

#### Additional information

|   | ADR/RID  | : | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.<br>Hazard identification number 33<br>Limited quantity 1 L<br>Special provisions 534, 243, 363<br>Tunnel code (D/E)   |
|---|--|---|--|
|   | ADN  | : | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ .<br>Special provisions 243, 534, 363  |
|   | IMDG   | : | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg.<br><u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, S-E<br><u>Special provisions</u> 243, 363   |
|   | ΙΑΤΑ   | : | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.<br><b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353.<br>Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities -<br>Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.<br><b>Special provisions</b> A100 |
|   | 4.6 Special precautions for ser                        | : | <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.  |
| a | 4.7 Transport in bulk<br>ccording to IMO<br>nstruments | : | Not available.   |

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

| 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture   |       |        |  |  |
|---|-------|--------|--|--|
| EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)  |       |        |  |  |
| Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization   |       |        |  |  |
| Annex XIV   |       |        |  |  |
| None of the components are listed.  |       |        |  |  |
| Substances of very high concern   |       |        |  |  |
| None of the components are listed.  |       |        |  |  |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted to professional users.<br>on the manufacture,<br>placing on the market<br>and use of certain<br>dangerous substances,<br>mixtures and articles |       |        |  |  |
| Other EU regulations  |       |        |  |  |
| Industrial emissions : Not listed<br>(integrated pollution<br>prevention and control) -<br>Air  |       |        |  |  |
| Industrial emissions : Not listed<br>(integrated pollution<br>prevention and control) -<br>Water  |       |        |  |  |
| Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)   |       |        |  |  |
| Not listed.   |       |        |  |  |
| Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)  |       |        |  |  |
| Ingradiant name   | Annox | Status |  |  |

| Ingredient name | Annex            | Status |
|-----------------|------------------|--------|
| Benzene         | Annex I - Part 1 | Listed |

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### <u>Danger criteria</u>

| Category |  |
|----------|--|
| P5a      |  |
| E2       |  |

#### National regulations

| ØasolineNetherlands<br>Carcinogenic<br>Chemicals(complexe) aardolie-<br>en steenkoolderivaten<br>EG nrs. beginnend<br>met 232, 263,<br>265-275, 277, 278,<br>283-285, 287, 289,<br>291-298, 300, 302,<br>305-310Car | Product/ingredient name | List name    | Name on list  | Classification | Notes  |
|---|-------------------------|--------------|---|----------------|--|
|   | Gasoline                | Carcinogenic | en steenkoolderivaten<br>EG nrs. beginnend<br>met 232, 263,<br>265-275, 277, 278,<br>283-285, 287, 289,<br>291-298, 300, 302, | Carc.          | Part of these<br>derivates are only<br>classified as<br>carcinogenic if<br>the content of<br>benzene > 0.1%<br>and/or benzo(a)<br>pyrene > 0.005%<br>or 1,3-butadiene ><br>0,1% or DMSO-<br>extract > 3%.<br>Please refer to<br>Publicatieblad<br>L381 of<br>December 31th,<br>1994: the 21st<br>amendment of<br>Directive |

# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - Netherlands

🚰 asoline 95 (E10)

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

|  |   |   |  | 67/548/EEC c<br>later<br>amendments<br>this Directive. | of |
|--|---|---|--|--|----|
|  | Netherlands<br>Mutagenic Substances   | aardoliegassen en<br>residuen EG nrs.<br>beginnend met 232,<br>265-267, 268-273,<br>274, 277, 283-285,<br>287, 289, 292, 293,<br>295, 296, 298, 302,<br>305, 307, 308-310,<br>306 | Muta.  |  |    |
| ethanol  | Netherlands<br>Carcinogenic<br>Chemicals  | ethanol; ethylalcohol   | Carc.  | -  |    |
|  | Netherlands<br>Reprotoxic Chemicals   | ethanol; ethylalcohol   | Repro. fertility<br>category 1A,<br>Dev. breast<br>feeding (X), Dev.<br>development<br>category 1A |  |    |
| toluene  | Netherlands<br>Reprotoxic Chemicals   | tolueen   | Dev.<br>development<br>category 2  | -  |    |
| benzene  | Netherlands<br>Carcinogenic<br>Chemicals  | benzeen; benzol   | Carc.  | -  |    |
| n-hexane   | Netherlands<br>Mutagenic Substances<br>Netherlands<br>Reprotoxic Chemicals  | benzeen; benzol<br>n-hexaan   | Muta.<br>Repro. fertility<br>category 2  | -  |    |
| Water Discharge Policy<br>(ABM)  |   | ble substances with haza<br>genicity/ mutagenicity/ re<br>). Decontamination effo   | eprotoxicity/ bioacur  |  |    |
| Hazard class for water<br>(WGK)  | : 3   |   |  |  |    |
| VOC content  | : 📈OC (w/w): 21.6%  |   |  |  |    |
| nternational regulations   |   |   |  |  |    |
| hemical Weapon Conven  | tion List Schedules I, II &   | III Chemicals   |  |  |    |
|  |   |   |  |  |    |
|  |   |   |  |  |    |
| lot listed.  |   |   |  |  |    |
| Not listed.<br>Iontreal Protocol   |   |   |  |  |    |
| Not listed.<br>Iontreal Protocol<br>Not listed.<br>tockholm Convention on  |   |   |  |  |    |
| Not listed.<br>Iontreal Protocol<br>Not listed.<br>tockholm Convention on<br>Not listed.   | Persistent Organic Pollut   | <u>tants</u>  |  |  |    |
| Not listed.<br>Iontreal Protocol<br>Not listed.<br>tockholm Convention on<br>Not listed.<br>otterdam Convention on<br>Not listed.  | <u>Persistent Organic Pollut</u><br>Prior Informed Consent (  | <u>tants</u><br>PIC <u>)</u>  |  |  |    |
| Not listed.<br>Iontreal Protocol<br>Not listed.<br>tockholm Convention on<br>Not listed.<br>Cotterdam Convention on<br>Not listed.<br>INECE Aarhus Protocol on   | <u>Persistent Organic Pollut</u><br>Prior Informed Consent (  | <u>tants</u><br>PIC <u>)</u>  |  |  |    |
| Not listed.<br>Iontreal Protocol<br>Not listed.<br>tockholm Convention on<br>Not listed.<br>otterdam Convention on<br>Not listed.<br>NECE Aarhus Protocol on<br>Not listed.  | <u>Persistent Organic Pollut</u><br>Prior Informed Consent (  | <u>tants</u><br>PIC <u>)</u>  |  |  |    |
| Not listed.<br>Iontreal Protocol<br>Not listed.<br>tockholm Convention on<br>Not listed.<br>Cotterdam Convention on<br>Not listed.<br>NECE Aarhus Protocol on<br>Not listed.<br>Nection of the second seco   | <u>Persistent Organic Pollut</u><br>Prior Informed Consent (  | tants<br>PIC)   |  |  |    |
| Not listed.<br>Iontreal Protocol<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>NECE Aarhus Protocol of<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed. | Persistent Organic Pollut<br>Prior Informed Consent (<br>n POPs and Heavy Metals  | tants<br>PIC)   | ut all such compone  | ents are listed in                                     | л  |
| Not listed.<br>Iontreal Protocol<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>INECE Aarhus Protocol of<br>Not listed.<br>INECE Justed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.   | Persistent Organic Pollut<br>Prior Informed Consent (<br>n POPs and Heavy Metals<br>: All components are lis<br>: At least one compone          | tants<br>PIC)   | ut all such compone  | ents are listed in                                     | ٦  |
| Not listed.<br>Iontreal Protocol<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>Not listed.<br>INECE Aarhus Protocol of<br>Not listed.  | Persistent Organic Pollut<br>Prior Informed Consent (<br>n POPs and Heavy Metals<br>: All components are lis<br>: At least one compone<br>NDSL. | tants<br>PIC)<br>sted or exempted.<br>nt is not listed in DSL bu  | ut all such compone  | ents are listed in                                     | ٦  |

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

| Japan                              | : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.<br>Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.         |
|------------------------------------|--|
| New Zealand                        | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| Philippines                        | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| Republic of Korea                  | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| Taiwan                             | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| Thailand                           | : Not determined.  |
| Turkey                             | : Not determined.  |
| United States                      | : Not determined.  |
| Viet Nam                           | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| 15.2 Chemical Safety<br>Assessment | : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required. |

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Abbreviations and acronyms | <ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br/>CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.<br/>1272/2008]<br/>DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level<br/>DNEL = Derived No Effect Level<br/>EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement<br/>N/A = Not available<br/>PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic<br/>PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration<br/>RRN = REACH Registration Number<br/>SGG = Segregation Group</li> </ul> |
|----------------------------|--|
|                            | vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative  |

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification          | Justification         |  |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Fiam. Liq. 1, H224      | On basis of test data |  |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315     | Calculation method    |  |
| Muta. 1B, H340          | Calculation method    |  |
| Carc. 1A, H350          | Calculation method    |  |
| Repr. 2, H361           | Calculation method    |  |
| STOT SE 3, H336         | Calculation method    |  |
| Asp. Tox. 1, H304       | Calculation method    |  |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method    |  |

## Full text of abbreviated H statements

| 224   | Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.                              |  |
|-------|--|--|
| H225  | Highly flammable liquid and vapor.                                 |  |
| H304  | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                      |  |
| H315  | Causes skin irritation.  |  |
| H319  | Causes serious eye irritation.                                     |  |
| H336  | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                                 |  |
| H340  | May cause genetic defects.   |  |
| H350  | May cause cancer.  |  |
| H361  | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.               |  |
| H361d | Suspected of damaging the unborn child.                            |  |
| H361f | Suspected of damaging fertility.                                   |  |
| H372  | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.    |  |
| H373  | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |  |
| H411  | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                   |  |

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

| Aquatic Chronic 2      | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2                         |
|------------------------|---|
| Asp. Tox. 1            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                                  |
| Carc. 1A               | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A                                   |
| Eye Irrit. 2           | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2                 |
| Flam. Liq. 1           | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1                                  |
| Flam. Liq. 2           | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2                                  |
| Muta. 1B               | GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B                            |
| Repr. 2                | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2                              |
| Skin Irrit. 2          | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2                          |
| STOT RE 1              | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 |
| STOT RE 2              | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3              | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3   |
| Training advice        | : Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.          |
| Date of printing       | : 06-04-2020  |
| Date of issue/ Date of | : 06-04-2020  |
| revision               |   |
| Date of previous issue | e : 18-10-2019  |
| Version                | : 1.05  |
| Prepared by            | : Kuwait Petroleum Research & Technology B.V., The Netherlands  |
|                        |   |

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.



# Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

| Identification of the outer   | ten ee er minture  |
|---|--|
| Identification of the subs  |  |
| Product definition  | : Mixture  |
| Product name  | : 🖉asoline 95 (E10)  |
| Section 1 - Title   |  |
| Short title of the exposure scenario  | <ul> <li>Distribution of Low Boiling Point Naphthas (Gasoline) - Classified as H340 and/or<br/>H350 and/or H361 (0 % - 1 % benzene) - Industrial</li> </ul>  |
| List of use descriptors   | <ul> <li>Identified use name: Distribution of substance</li> <li>Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC15</li> <li>Substance supplied to that use in form of: As such</li> <li>Sector of end use: SU03</li> <li>Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.</li> <li>Environmental Release Category: ERC04, ERC05, ERC06a, ERC06b, ERC06c, ERC06d, ERC07, ESVOC SPERC 1.1b.v1</li> <li>Market sector by type of chemical product: PC13</li> <li>Article category related to subsequent service life: Not applicable.</li> </ul> |
| Processes and activities<br>covered by the exposure<br>scenario   | : Bulk loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) of substance within closed or contained systems, including incidental exposures during its sampling, storage, unloading, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.   |
| Additional information  | : See section 3.   |
| Section 2 - Exposure cor  | ntrols   |
| Contributing scenario contro  | Iling environmental exposure for 1:  |
| Product characteristics   | : Substance is complex UVCB Predominantly hydrophobic  |
| Amounts used  | <ul> <li>Fraction of EU tonnage used in region0.1<br/>Regional use tonnage1.87E7<br/>Fraction of regional tonnage used locally0.002<br/>Annual site tonnage3.75E4<br/>Maximum daily site tonnage1.2E5</li> </ul>   |
| Frequency and duration of use   | : Continuous release<br>Emission days300   |
| Environment factors not<br>influenced by risk<br>management   | : Local freshwater dilution factor10<br>Local marine water dilution factor100  |
| Other conditions affecting<br>environmental exposure  | : Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM)0.001<br>Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM)0.00001<br>Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM)0.00001   |
| Technical conditions and<br>measures at process level<br>(source) to prevent release                                    | : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.   |
| Technical on-site<br>conditions and measures to<br>reduce or limit discharges,<br>air emissions and releases<br>to soil | <ul> <li>Risk from environmental exposure is driven by humans via indirect exposure<br/>(primarily inhalation). If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no on-site<br/>wastewater treatment required.<br/>Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of90<br/>Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required<br/>removal efficiency of12<br/>If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site<br/>wastewater removal efficiency of0</li> </ul>                |
| Organizational measures to<br>prevent/limit release from<br>site  | : Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.  |

Distribution of Low Boiling Point Naphthas (Gasoline) - Classified as H340 and/or H350 and/or H361 (0 % - 1 % benzene) - Industrial

Gasoline 95 (E10)

| Conditions and measures<br>related to sewage treatment<br>plant                      | : | Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment95.5<br>Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after on-site and off-site (municipal<br>treatment plant) RMMs95.5<br>Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe)1.1E6<br>Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow2000 |
|--|---|--|
| Conditions and measures<br>related to external<br>treatment of waste for<br>disposal | : | External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.  |
| Conditions and measures<br>related to external recovery<br>of waste                  | : | External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.  |

#### Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2:

General measures (skin irritants): Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

General measures (carcinogens): Consider technical advances and process upgrades (including automation) for the elimination of releases.

Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down systems and clear transfer lines prior to breaking containment.

Clean/flush equipment, where possible, prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: restrict access to authorised persons; provide specific activity training to operators to minimise exposures; wear suitable gloves and coveralls to prevent skin contamination; wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios; clear up spills immediately and dispose of wastes safely.

Ensure safe systems of work or equivalent arrangements are in place to manage risks.

Regularly inspect, test and maintain all control measures.

Consider the need for risk-based health surveillance.

General exposures (closed systems) With sample collection: Handle substance within a closed system. Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

General exposures (closed systems) Outdoor: Handle substance within a closed system.

Process sampling: Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure.

Laboratory activities: Handle within a fume cupboard or implement suitable equivalent methods to minimise exposure.

Bulk closed loading and unloading: Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance: Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle. Clear spills immediately. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Storage: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Store substance within a closed system.

| Concentration of<br>substance in mixture or<br>article | : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.              |
|--|--|
| Physical state   | : Liquid, vapor pressure > 10 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure |
| Amounts used   | : Not applicable.  |
| Frequency and duration of use/exposure                 | : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours                                 |
| Human factors not<br>influenced by risk<br>management  | : Not applicable.  |

Distribution of Low Boiling Point Naphthas (Gasoline) - Classified as H340 and/or H350 and/or H361 (0 % - 1 % benzene) - Industrial

Gasoline 95 (E10)

| Other conditions affecting<br>workers exposure<br>Conditions and measures re | : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented lated to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation |
|--|---|
| Section 3 - Exposure es  | imation and reference to its source   |
| Website:   | : Not applicable.   |
| Exposure estimation and ref  | erence to its source - Environment: 1:  |
| Exposure assessment<br>(environment):  | : Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                              | : Not available.  |

| Exposure estimation and ref                     | rence to its source - workers: 2:   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated. | ; |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.  |   |

## Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

| Environment | : Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to<br>all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk<br>management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be<br>achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. Required<br>removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or<br>in combination. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in<br>SPERC factsheet.  |
|-------------|--|
| Health      | : Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. |



# Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Consumer

| Product definition | : Mixture            |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Product name       | : 🗭 asoline 95 (E10) |

| Section 1 - Title   |   |
|---|---|
| Short title of the exposure scenario                            | : Use of Low Boiling Point Naphthas (Gasoline) as a Fuel - Classified as H340 and/or<br>H350 and/or H361 (0 % - 1 % benzene) - Consumer   |
| List of use descriptors   | <ul> <li>Identified use name: Use in fuel - Consumer<br/>Substance supplied to that use in form of: As such<br/>Sector of end use: SU21<br/>Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.<br/>Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b, ESVOC SPERC 9.12c.v1<br/>Market sector by type of chemical product: PC13<br/>Article category related to subsequent service life: Not applicable.</li> </ul> |
| Processes and activities<br>covered by the exposure<br>scenario | : Covers consumer uses in liquid fuels.   |

# Additional information: See section 3.Section 2 - Exposure controls

| Contributing scenario contro   | llin | g environmental exposure for 1:  |
|--|------|--|
| Product characteristics  | :    | Substance is complex UVCB. Predominantly hydrophobic   |
| Amounts used   | :    | Fraction of EU tonnage used in region 0.1<br>Regional use tonnage 1.39E7<br>Fraction of regional tonnage used locally 0.0005<br>Annual site tonnage 7.0E3<br>Maximum daily site tonnage 1.9E4  |
| Frequency and duration of use  | 1    | Continuous release<br>Emission days 365  |
| Environment factors not<br>influenced by risk<br>management                          | :    | Local freshwater dilution factor 10<br>Local marine water dilution factor 100  |
| Other conditions affecting<br>environmental exposure                                 | :    | Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only) Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM) 0.01<br>Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use 0.00001<br>Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only) 0.00001  |
| Conditions and measures<br>related to sewage treatment<br>plant                      | :    | Risk from environmental exposure is driven by humans via indirect exposure<br>(primarily inhalation).<br>Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment 95.5<br>Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) 1.8E5<br>Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow 2000 |
| Conditions and measures<br>related to external<br>treatment of waste for<br>disposal | :    | Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls. Combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.   |
| Conditions and measures<br>related to external recovery<br>of waste                  | :    | This substance is consumed during use and no waste from the substance is generated.  |

Use of Low Boiling Point Naphthas (Gasoline) as a Fuel - Classified as H340 and/or H350 and/or H361 (0 % - 1 % benzene) - Consumer

## Gasoline 95 (E10)

| -  | Iling consumer exposure for 2:  |  |
|--|---|--|
| Product categories [PC]: 13 - Fuels Liquid: automotive refuelling<br>Operations Conditions (consumer): Covers concentrations up to 1%. Covers use up to 52 days per year. Covers use<br>up to 1 uses per day. Covers skin contact area up to 210.00 cm <sup>2</sup> . For each use event, covers use amounts up to<br>37500 g. Covers outdoor use. Covers use in room size of 100 m <sup>3</sup> . For each use event, covers exposure up to 0.05<br>hours.<br>Risk management measures (RMM): No specific risk management measure identified beyond those operational   |   |  |
| conditions stated.   |   |  |
| Product categories [PC]: 13 - Fuels Liquid: scooter refuelling<br>Operations Conditions (consumer): Covers concentrations up to 1%. Covers use up to 52 days per year. Covers use<br>up to 1 uses per day. Covers skin contact area up to 210.00 cm <sup>2</sup> . For each use event, covers use amounts up to 3750<br>g. Covers outdoor use. Covers use in room size of 100 m <sup>3</sup> . For each use event, covers exposure up to 0.03 hours.<br>Risk management measures (RMM): No specific risk management measure identified beyond those operational<br>conditions stated.  |   |  |
| Product categories [PC]: 13 - Liquid: garden equipment - use<br>Operations Conditions (consumer): Covers concentrations up to 1%. Covers use up to 26 days per year. Covers use<br>up to 1 uses per day. For each use event, covers use amounts up to 750 g. Covers outdoor use. Covers use in room<br>size of 100 m <sup>3</sup> . For each use event, covers exposure up to 2.00 hours.<br>Risk management measures (RMM): No specific risk management measure identified beyond those operational<br>conditions stated.   |   |  |
| Product categories [PC]: 13 - Liquid: garden equipment - refuelling<br>Operations Conditions (consumer): Covers concentrations up to1%. Covers use up to 26 days per year. Covers use<br>up to 1 uses per day. Covers skin contact area up to 420.00 cm <sup>2</sup> . For each use event, covers use amounts up to750 g.<br>Covers use in a one car garage (34 m <sup>3</sup> ) under typical ventilation. Covers use in room size of 34 m <sup>3</sup> . For each use<br>event, covers exposure up to 0.03 hours.<br>Risk management measures (RMM): No specific risk management measure identified beyond those operational<br>conditions stated. |   |  |
| Concentration of<br>substance in mixture or<br>article   | : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.   |  |
| Physical state   | : Liquid, vapor pressure > 10 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure  |  |
| Amounts used   | : For each use event, covers use amounts up to 37500 g. Covers skin contact area up to 420 cm <sup>2</sup> .  |  |
| Frequency and duration of use/exposure   | : Covers use up to 0.143 uses per day. For each use event, covers exposure up to 2 hours.   |  |
| Other given operational<br>conditions affecting<br>consumers exposure  | : Unless otherwise stated, Covers use at ambient temperatures. Covers use in room size of 20 m <sup>3</sup> . Covers use under typical household ventilation. |  |
| Conditions and measures rel  | ated to personal protection and hygiene   |  |
| Section 3 - Exposure est   | imation and reference to its source   |  |
| Website:   | : Not applicable.   |  |
| Exposure estimation and ref  | erence to its source - Environment: 1:  |  |
| Exposure assessment<br>(environment):  | : Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source  | : Not available.  |  |
| Exposure estimation and ref  | erence to its source - Consumers: 2:  |  |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):  | : ECETOC TRA consumer v3  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source  | : Not available.  |  |

Use of Low Boiling Point Naphthas (Gasoline) as a Fuel - Classified as H340 and/or H350 and/or H361 (0 % - 1 % benzene) - Consumer

## Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

| Environment | : Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet.                                      |
|-------------|--|
| Health      | : Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. |